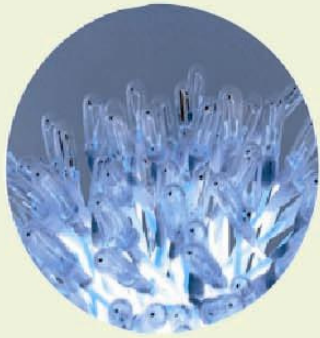




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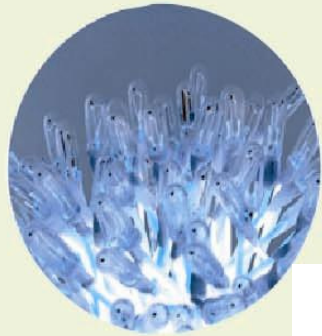
Utveckling av beräkningsmetoder för flöde i vattenturbiner

Av

Håkan Nilsson

Institutionen för termo- och fluiddynamik

Chalmers



Vattenkraft

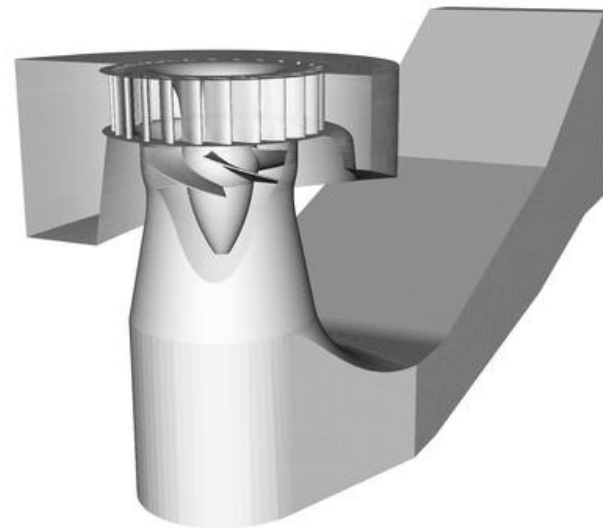
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Thermo and Fluid Dynamics

Numerical Investigations of Turbulent Flow in Water Turbines

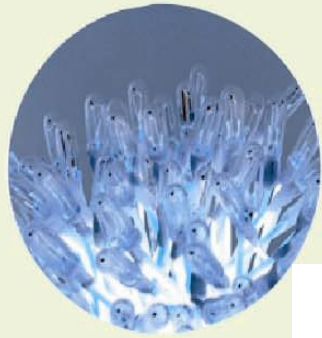
BY
HÅKAN NILSSON



THESIS FOR THE DEGREE OF DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

Håkan Nilsson

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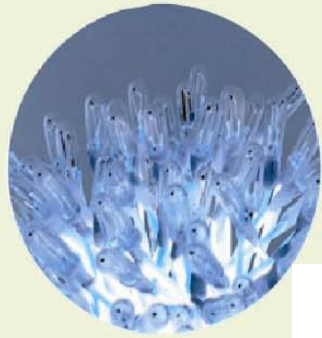
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Thermo and Fluid Dynamics

Outline

- Background
- Description of the numerical method
- Computational results of the GAMM Francis runner
Validation
Visualization
- Computational results of the Hölleforsen Kaplan runner
Validation
Visualization
- Numerical verification of the computational results

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Thermo and Fluid Dynamics

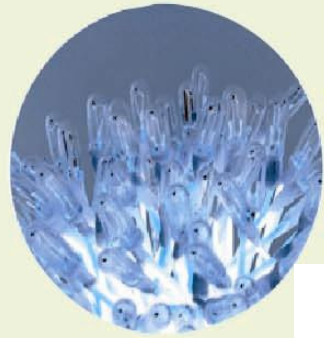
Purpose of the project

- Develop a numerical tool that accurately predicts the flow in water turbine runners
- Focus on Kaplan tip clearance flow and wake flow
- Verify and validate the results

Financing

- ELFORSK
(Swedish Electrical Utilities R&D Company)
- Swedish National Energy Administration
- GE Energy (Sweden) AB

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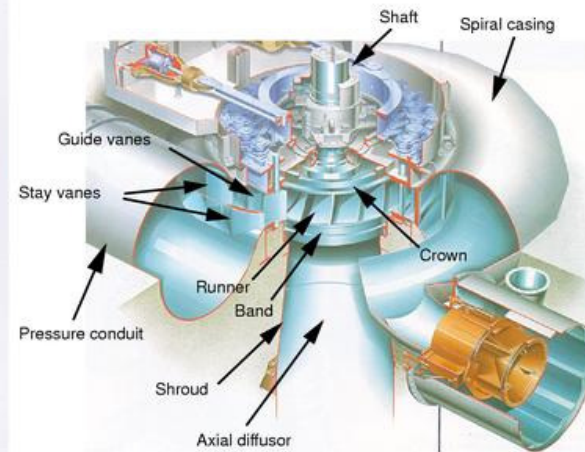
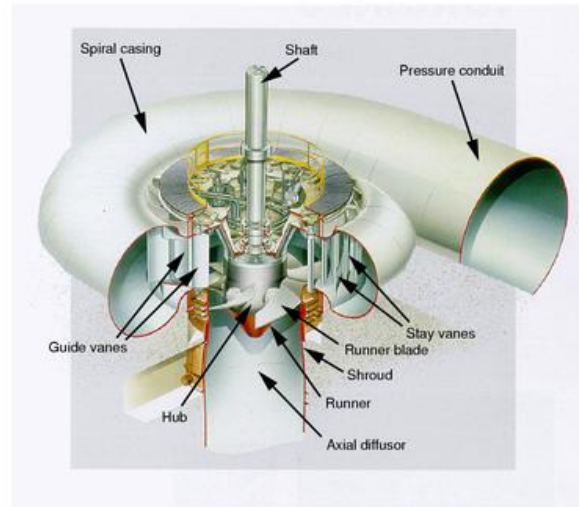


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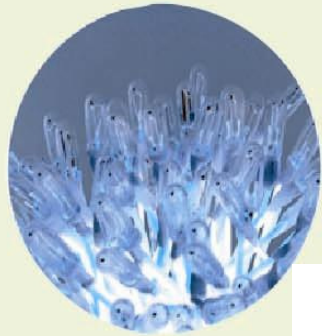
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Kaplan and Francis runners

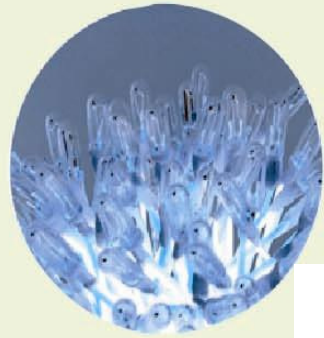


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The CALC-PMB CFD solver

- Finite volume method
 - Boundary fitted coordinates
 - Collocated, structured grid
 - Rhie and Chow interpolation
 - SIMPLEC (Pressure-velocity coupling)
 - 2nd order upwind scheme (Van Leer)
- Parallel multiblock solver
 - Conformal blocks
 - Dirichlet-Dirichlet block coupling
 - Parallel solver using message passing (PVM or MPI)
- Turbulence model
 - Wilcox -88 standard $k-\omega$ Low-Re



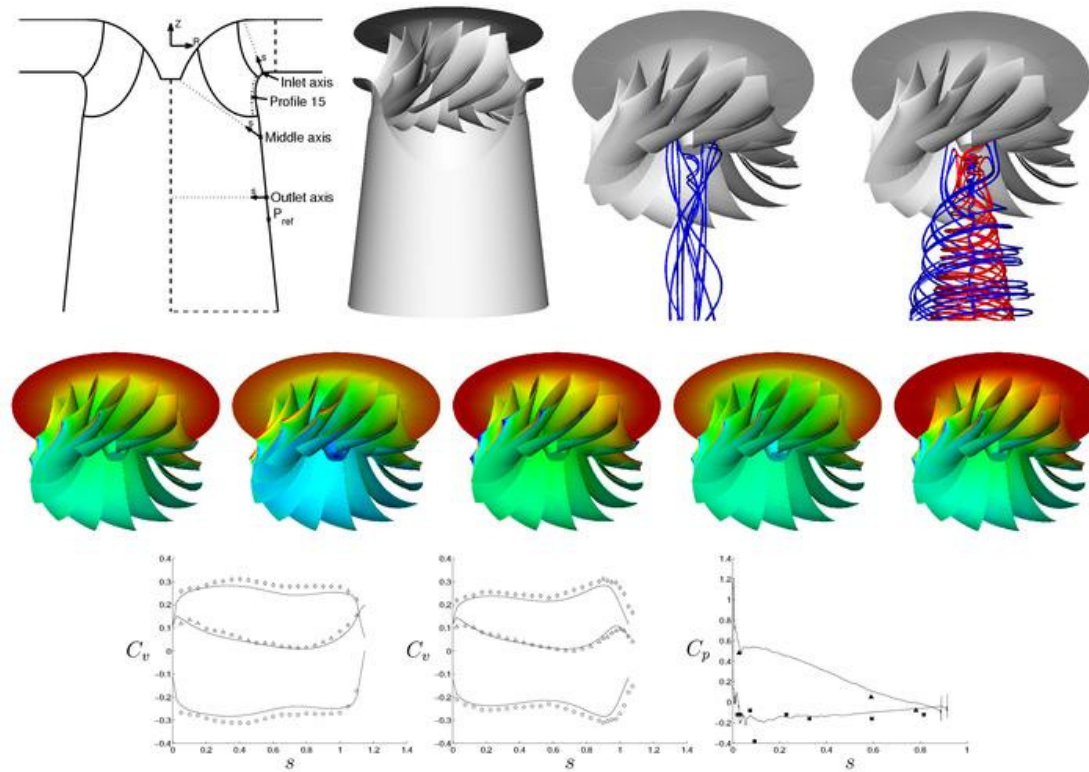
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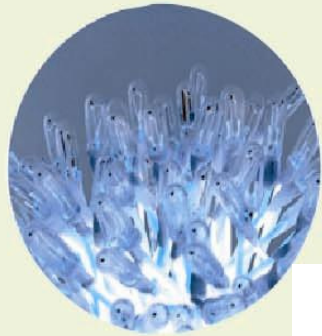
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Thermo and Fluid Dynamics

The GAMM Francis runner



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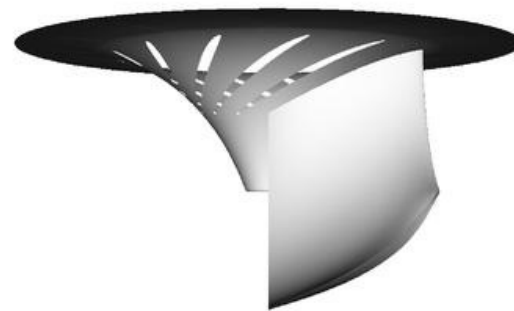
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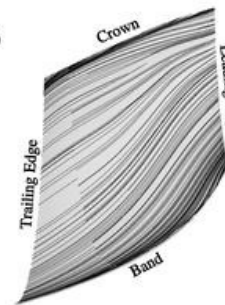
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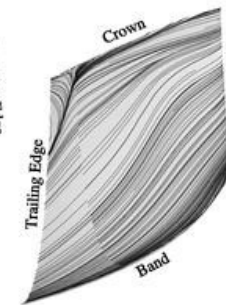
Flow feature identification using smearlines



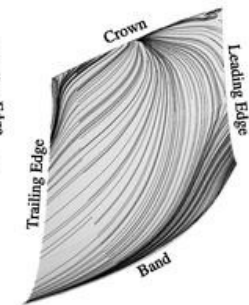
The investigated runner blade



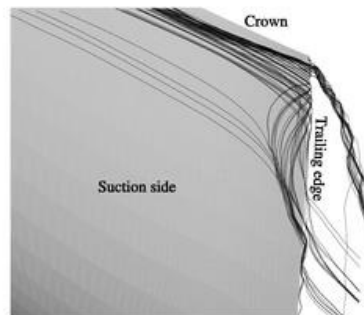
P1, ss



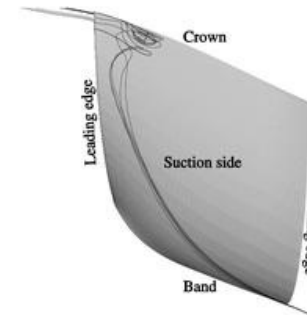
P2, ss



P4, ss

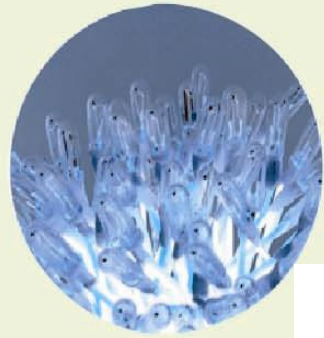


P2



P4

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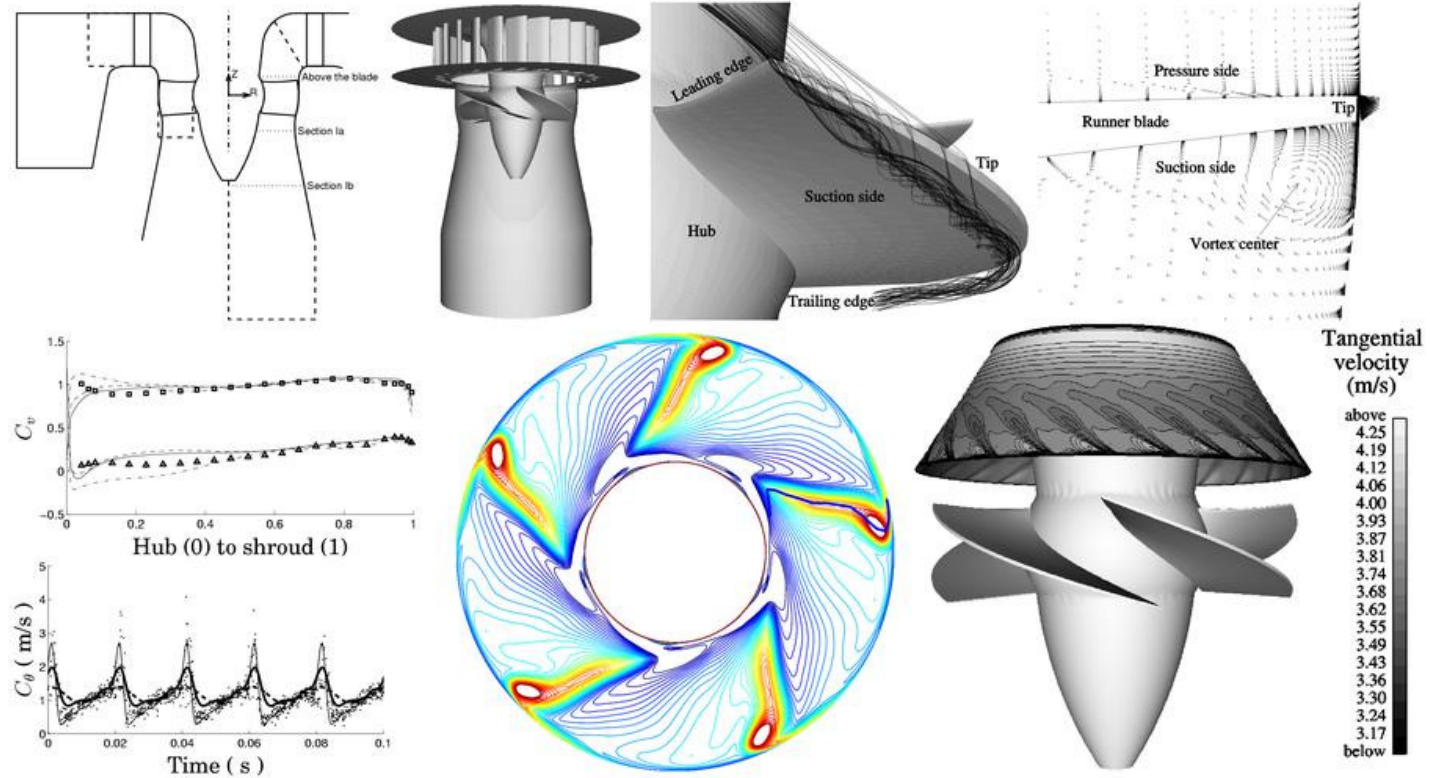
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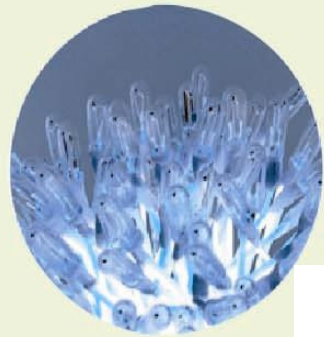
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Thermo and Fluid Dynamics

The Hölleforsen Kaplan runner



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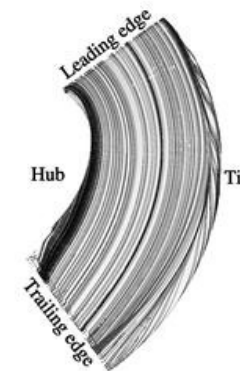
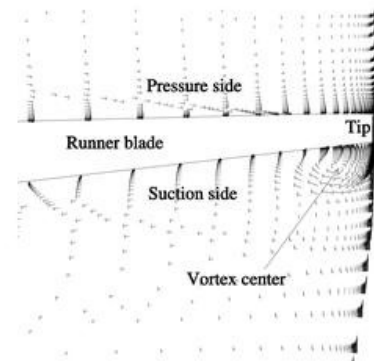
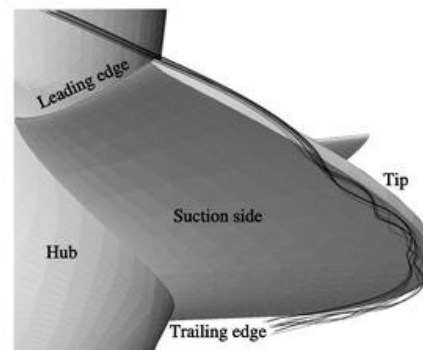
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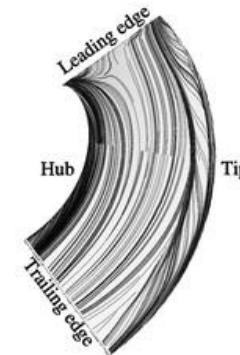
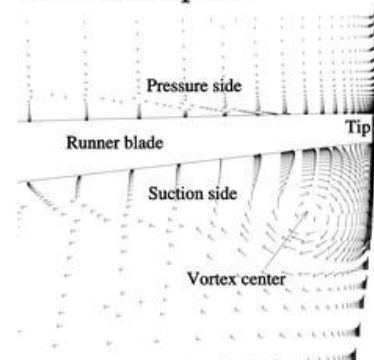
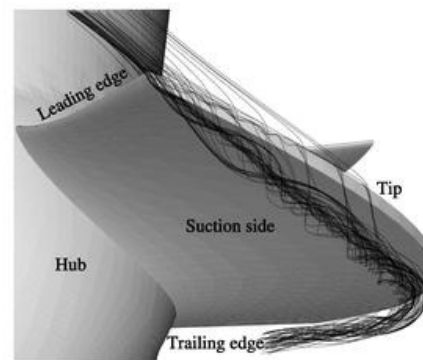
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Kaplan tip vortex

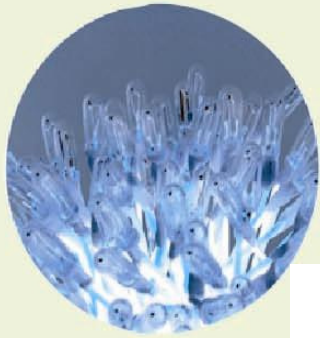
Best efficiency



Low unit speed



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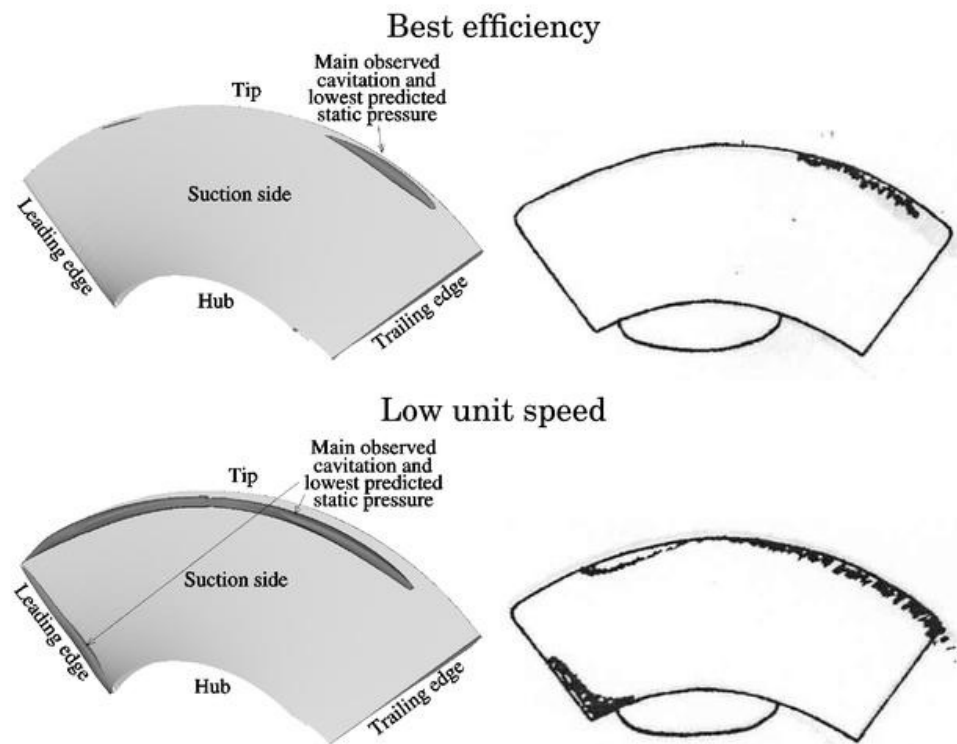
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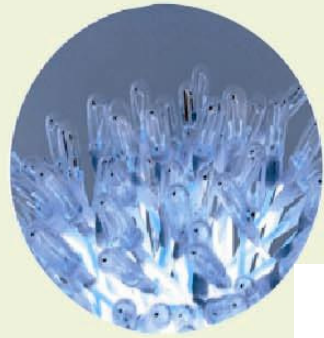
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Thermo and Fluid Dynamics

Kaplan low static pressure regions



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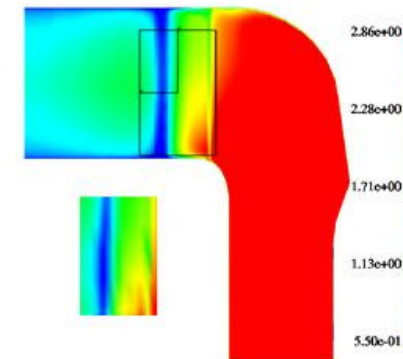
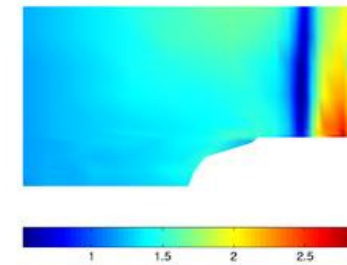
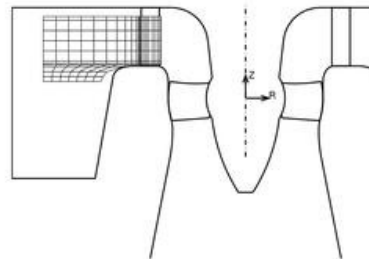
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Computed and measured Hölleforsen wicket gate flow



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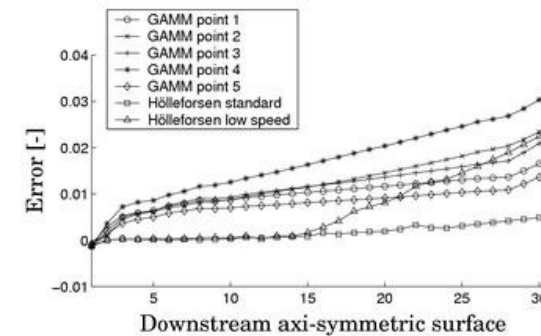
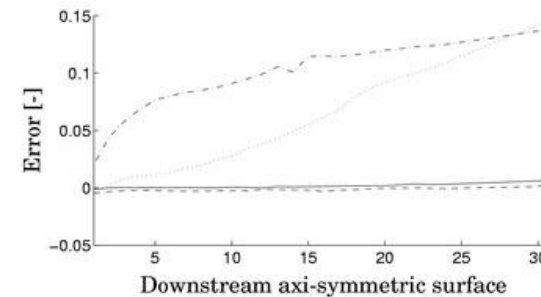
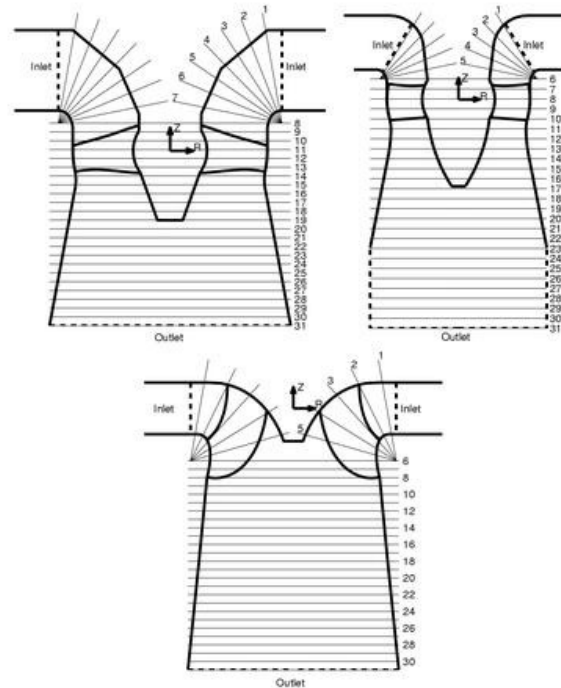
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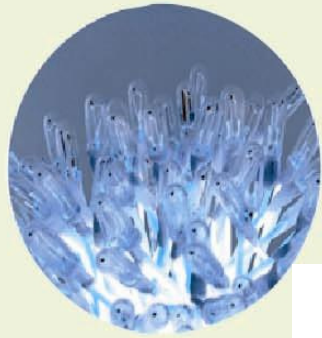
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Angular momentum balance method

$$\int_{CS} r F_{s\theta} dA + \int_{CV} r F_{b\theta} dV + \int_{CV} 2r\Omega U_r \rho dV = \int_{CS} r U_{\theta} \rho (\mathbf{U} \cdot \mathbf{n}) dA$$



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Thermo and Fluid Dynamics

Conclusion

- Water turbine runner flow is predicted qualitatively correct
- Grid quality/density/distribution and discretization order are very important and need to be further studied
- Preservation of thin wakes in coarse grids needs to be further studied
- Visualization and analysis techniques need to be developed

Håkan Nilsson