Martin Hammas

icoFoam - cavity



- Vectorfield of the velocity using Glyph. Glyphtype is set to 2D. The scale mode is set to off in the properties. This is seen at timestep 0.5 s
- Contourplot of the pressure using *Contour*. Datarange is set to 100 steps at timestep 0.5 s

icoFoam - cavityClipped



• Surfaceplot of the velocity in the domain. The vectors are pressuregradients using *Glyph*, set to 2D glyph. Both variables are plotted along with colorbars to see their magnitudes.

icoFoam - cavityFine



- This refinement of cavity uses four times as many cells as the original one.
- Here is a surfaceplot of the pressure. The graph shows the pressure along a diagonal line in the surfaceplot. This is done using *Filters/Alphabetical/Plot over line*. Compared to the colorbar the values seems correct.

icoFoam - cavityGrade



• This shows the graded mesh, simply plotting the wireframe of it.

icoFoam - cavityHighRe



- High Reynolds number to the left, original to the right.
- Used the commando *touch* to create an empty *cavity*.*OpenFOAM* file. Then opened it in *ParaView* along with the High Re one. Vectorfield of the velocities are plotted to see the difference between them.

solidDisplacementFoam - plateHole



- Used foamCalc to get all the components of σ . Then plotted the yy-component of σ , σ_{yy} as a surfaceplot. The streamlines are the displacement in the plate.
- The graph represents the yy-component of σ plotted along a line from the origin of the hole to the corner of the plate. This can be found under Filters/Alphabetical/Plot over line.

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interFoam - damBreak



- These are surface plots of $\alpha.$ Blue is water and red is the atmosphere.
- The timestep is 0 at the upper left, then plotted every 0.2 to the endtime at 1.

interFoam - damBreakFine



- These are surface plots of α . The timestep is 0 at the upper left, then plotted every 0.2 to the endtime at 1.
- It can clearly be seen that a lot of new information can be seen in this refined mesh compared to damBreak.

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potentialFoam - cylinder



- The picture to the left shows a surfaceplot of the x-component of the velocity. First the commando foamCalc components U was used to get U_x and U_y . There are also streamlines of U_x present.
- The right picture shows the filter, warp by scalar. It is also representing U_x with a scaling factor of 2. It then uses a wireframe approach to see through the mesh.

simpleFoam - pitzDaily



• Here the velocityfield is plotted along with the vectors using *Glyph*. Starting from timestep 50s, 200s and 400s. Interresting is the recirculation region in the corner that is moving towards the exit.

sonicFoam - forwardStep



• A plot of the pressure contours are made using *Contour*. Datarange is set to 50 in properties to be able to see the shocks.

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sonicLiquidFoam - decompressionTank/decompressionTankFine



• Here is a figure that shows the difference between the two meshes.



• Here are contourplots of the pressure along the tank using *Contour*. The first is at timestep 1e - 5, the middle at 4e - 5 and the last is at 1e - 4. The fine mesh was implemented by opening a *OpenFOAM* file that was previously created in the terminal window using *touch*.

mhdFoam - hartmann



• This is a plot of the x-component of the velocity, U_x across the y-direction. The velocity profile is taken at the entrance at the last timestep. This is done using *Filters/Alphabetical/Plot over line*.

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interFoam - damBreak(modified)



This is a modified case of damBreak. The α phase of the water has been changed in the file system/setFieldsDict from (0 0 -1) (0.1461 0.292 1) to (0 0 -1) (0.2 0.55 1). Also the number of iterations in has been changed in system/controlDict from endtime 1 to endtime 5.